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ENGL4041

3 Yr. Degree/4 Yr. Honours 4th Semester Examination, 2025
(under CCFUP of NEP 2020)

Time: 1½ Hours

Subject : ENGLISH

Full Marks: 40

Course: Language and Creativity Course Code : ENGL4041 (AEC)

Course Title : English

Roll No.: Registration No. of 20

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE EXAMINEE

- The Question-cum-Answer Booklet comprised of 40 Questions and each Question carrying 1 (one) mark.
 - Each Question carries 4 (four) Answer Options (A), (B), (C) and (D) of which only one option bears Correct Answer.
 - Completely darken the respective circle for your response as shown below—
Correct method ● Wrong method ☑ ⊗ ⊙
 - Each Correct Answer will be credited with 1 (One) Mark.
 - If an Examinee attempts more than one Option for a Question, the attempt will be considered as WRONG Answer.
 - No Mark will be deducted for attempting Wrong Answer or Incorrect attempts.
 - Only Blue/Black Ink Pen, is to be used for Answering Question.
 - No Electronic Gadget (Calculator, Mobile Phone, Laptop, I-Pad, Camera etc.), Papers (Other than Admit Card will be allowed inside the Examination Hall.
 - No Loose sheet will be provided for scribbling and No Paper is to be brought in this purpose. Any Examinee found with incriminating Documents in his/her possession— he/she will be Expelled.
 - All rough work must be done in the page provided in the Question-Answer-Booklet, and the said Page of the Booklet **must not be torn out**.
 - No Examinee will be allowed to leave the Examination Hall until an Hour has elapsed from the commencement of the Examination.
 - As per order of the Executive Council all Answer Scripts will be preserved for one year from the date of Publication of Results.
- Question-cum-Answer Booklet-এ মোট ৪০টি প্রশ্ন আছে এবং প্রতিটি প্রশ্নের মান ১ (এক)।
 - প্রতিটি প্রশ্নের জন্য ৪ (চার)টি করে Option (A), (B), (C) এবং (D) থাকবে, এর মধ্যে একটি সঠিক উত্তর নির্দেশ করবে।
 - সঠিক উত্তরের জন্য নির্দিষ্ট বৃত্তটিকে সম্পূর্ণ রূপে কালো করতে হবে তা নীচে দেখানো হল—
সঠিক পদ্ধতি ● ভুল পদ্ধতি ☑ ⊗ ⊙
 - প্রতিটি সঠিক উত্তরের মান ১ (এক)।
সঠিক পদ্ধতি ● ভুল পদ্ধতি ☑ ⊗ ⊙
 - যদি কোনো পরীক্ষার্থী একটি প্রশ্নের একাধিক উত্তর দেয় তাহলে সেটি ভুল উত্তর হিসেবে গণ্য হবে।
 - ভুল উত্তরের জন্য কোনো নম্বর বাদ যাবে না।
 - উত্তর লেখার জন্য কেবলমাত্র নীল অথবা কালো কালির কলম ব্যবহার করা যাবে।
 - পরীক্ষাকেন্দ্রের মধ্যে কোনো ইলেকট্রনিক্স যন্ত্রাদি (ক্যালকুলেটর, মোবাইল ফোন, ল্যাপটপ, আই-প্যাড, ক্যামেরা ইত্যাদি), কাগজ (কেবলমাত্র অ্যাডমিট কার্ড ছাড়া) নিয়ে প্রবেশ নিষেধ।
 - হিজিবিজি বা রাফ লেখার জন্য কোনো বাড়তি কাগজ দেওয়া যাবে না এবং এই উদ্দেশ্যে কোনো কাগজ আনা যাবে না। কোনো পরীক্ষার্থীর কাছে নকল-এর মতো অপরাধমূলক কাগজ থাকলে সেই ছাত্র/ছাত্রীকে বহিষ্কার করা হবে।
 - সমস্ত 'রাফ ওয়ার্ক' প্রশ্ন-উত্তর-পুস্তিকার সঙ্গে থাকা নির্দিষ্ট পাতাতেই করতে হবে এবং উত্তরপত্র জমা দেবার সময় পাতাটি ছিঁড়ে নেওয়া যাবে না।
 - পরীক্ষা শুরু থেকে এক ঘণ্টা সময় অতিবাহিত না হলে কোনো পরীক্ষার্থী পরীক্ষার হল থেকে বের হতে পারবে না।
 - বিশ্ববিদ্যালয় কর্ম সমিতি কর্তৃক গৃহীত সিদ্ধান্ত অনুসারে পরীক্ষার ফল প্রকাশের দিন থেকে এক বছরের জন্য উত্তরপত্র সংরক্ষিত থাকবে।

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Please Turn Over

1. Figurative language is not meant to convey

- (A) Literal meaning
- (B) Literary meaning
- (C) Inner meaning
- (D) None of the above

2. "Submit a photocopy of your Higher Secondary Marksheet by 20.04.25" is an example of

- (A) Plain language
- (B) Complicated language
- (C) Stylized language
- (D) Figurative language

3. "All the world's a stage." is an example of

- (A) Simple
- (B) Personification
- (C) Metaphor
- (D) Pathetic fallacy

4. "Bright star, would I were steadfast as thou art." is an example of

- (A) Chiasmus
- (B) Irony
- (C) Simile
- (D) Pathetic fallacy

5. Ambiguity is not considered desirable in

- (A) Literary text
- (B) Figurative language
- (C) Legal document
- (D) Fictional discourse

6. "I cannot rest from travel; I will drink/
Life to the lees." is an example of

- (A) Metaphor
- (B) Irony
- (C) Epigram
- (D) Metonymy

7. "Much have I travelled in the realms of gold." is an example of

- (A) Metonymy
- (B) Simile
- (C) Epigram
- (D) Hyperbaton

8. "Beauty is truth, truth beauty." exemplifies

- (A) Chiasmus
- (B) Litotes
- (C) Hyperbole
- (D) Irony

9. "Ten thousand saw I at a glance," is an example of

- (A) Innuendo
- (B) Climax
- (C) Hyperbole
- (D) Anticlimax

10. "Swiftly flies the feathered death." exemplifies

- (A) Metonymy
- (B) Metaphor
- (C) Epigram
- (D) Antithesis

11. "The thirsty earth soaks up the rain, / And drinks and gapes for drink again." is an example of

- (A) Personal metaphor
- (B) Personification
- (C) Epigram
- (D) Antithesis

12. People should use plain language

- (A) in interview
- (B) at home
- (C) at public meeting
- (D) at beaches

13. Which expression is incorrect?

- (A) Bitterly disappointed
- (B) Greatly disappointed
- (C) Strongly disappointed
- (D) Sweetly disappointed

14. "The river sighed at the sorrow of the lady." is an example of

- (A) Antithesis
- (B) Pathetic fallacy
- (C) Climax
- (D) Oxymoron

15. The sentence "The teacher called the student with the book." is an example of

- (A) syntactic ambiguity
- (B) grammatical ambiguity
- (C) lexical ambiguity
- (D) phonological ambiguity

16. The sentence "I like moving gates." is an example of

- (A) syntactic ambiguity
- (B) grammatical ambiguity
- (C) lexical ambiguity
- (D) standing ambiguity

17. The figure of speech in which deliberate overstatement is made for conveying feelings is called

- (A) Metaphor
- (B) Understatement
- (C) Irony
- (D) Hyperbole

18. He _____ a diary.

- (A) keeps
- (B) remembers
- (C) jots down
- (D) types

19. A variety of language relating to either field or domain of discourse is referred to as

- (A) Register
- (B) Idiolect
- (C) Accent
- (D) Dialect

20. The figure of speech in which an implicit comparison is made between two objects is called

- (A) Simile
- (B) Bathos
- (C) Euphemism
- (D) Metaphor

21. Choose the correct sentence from the following alternatives:

- (A) When did you reach home yesterday?
- (B) When have you reached home yesterday?
- (C) When had you reached home yesterday?
- (D) When you have reached home yesterday?

22. Choose the correct sentence from the following alternatives:

- (A) My new shoes are biting my toes.
- (B) My new shoes are hurting my toes.
- (C) My new shoes are chewing my toes.
- (D) My new shoes are tearing my toes.

23. The verb 'grew' in the sentence "She grew tall." means

- (A) was
- (B) been
- (C) became
- (D) be

24. The figure of speech in which the very opposite of what is stated is intended is called

- (A) Simile
- (B) Epigram
- (C) Metonymy
- (D) Irony

25. The statement "I read Shakespeare regularly" is an example of

- (A) Metonymy
- (B) Metaphor
- (C) Epigram
- (D) Hyperbole

26. _____ is required for the production of English speech sounds.

- (A) Pulmonic Ingressive Air Stream Mechanism
- (B) Pulmonic Egressive Air Stream Mechanism
- (C) Velaric Ingressive Air Stream Mechanism
- (D) Gottalic Ingressive Air Stream Mechanism

27. _____ decides whether a speech sound will be voiced or voiceless.

- (A) The state of glottis
- (B) The state of lungs
- (C) The state of pharynx
- (D) Nasal cavity

28. The initial sound of the English word 'cello' is _____.

- (A) /j/
- (B) /tj/
- (C) /k/
- (D) /z/

29. The final sound of the English word 'laugh' is

- (A) /f/
- (B) /g/
- (C) /h/
- (D) /d₃/

30. The initial sound of the English word 'ghost' is a _____ sound.

- (A) voiceless velar plosive
- (B) voiceless velar fricative
- (C) voiced velar plosive
- (D) voiceless alveolar plosive

31. There are _____ monophthongs or pure vowels in English RP.
- (A) 11
(B) 13
(C) 12
(D) 20
32. The initial sound of the English word 'about' is a _____.
- (A) central vowel
(B) front vowel
(C) back vowel
(D) central-back vowel
33. The vowel sound of the English word 'throw' is
- (A) /ou/
(B) /əu/
(C) /o/
(D) /u/
34. The question "Who will you talk to?" is used in
- (A) informal situation
(B) both informal and formal situations
(C) formal situation
(D) highly official communication
35. Identify the styles involved in the following pair:
- (i) The girl I met in Kolkata was interested in chess.
(ii) The girl who I met in Kolkata was interested in chess.
- (A) (i) informal and (ii) formal
(B) (i) formal and (ii) frozen
(C) (i) informal and (ii) informal
(D) (i) formal and (ii) casual
36. A variety of language distinguished from other varieties of the parent language or the parent language itself according to region is called _____.
- (A) ethnolect
(B) dialect
(C) sociolect
(D) lingua franca
37. Fill in the blank: Your early reply will be _____ appreciated.
- (A) greatly
(B) moderately
(C) keenly
(D) faithfully
38. Fill in the blanks: The words 'brethren' and 'cyclone' belong to the _____ registers.
- (A) genetics and geography
(B) religion and meteorology
(C) meteorology and games
(D) economics and meteorology
39. Emoticons and abbreviations form a major part of the language variety used in _____.
- (A) traditional language use
(B) social media
(C) radio and television
(D) formal language use
40. Choose the gender-neutral expression from the following:
- (A) Poetess
(B) Female poetess
(C) Female poet
(D) Poet